LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>	Exhibit
Introductory Section		
Certificate of Board	4	
Financial Section		
Independent Auditors' Report	6	
(Required Supplementary Information)	10	
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	18	A-1
Statement of Activities	19	B-1
Fund Financial Statements:	20	C 1
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	20	C-1
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	21	C-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	21	C-2
Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	22	C-3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	22	0.5
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement		
of Activities	23	C-4
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds		E-1
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	25	E-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	26	
Required Supplementary Information		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		
Budget and Actual - General Fund	45	G-1
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	46	G-6
Schedule of District Contributions	47	G-7
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	48	
Other Supplementary Information		
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	50	J-1
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		
Budget and Actual:		
Child Nutrition Program	52	J-4
Debt Service Fund	53	J-5

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONCLUDED)

	<u>Page</u>	<u>Exhibit</u>
Other Supplementary Information (Concluded)		
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements		
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	54	
Schedule of Findings and Responses	56	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	57	

Introductory Section

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Louise Independent School District Name of School District	Wharton County	241-906 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached at reviewed and (check one)approved meeting of the board of trustees of such school di	disapproved for	the year ended August 31, 2015, at a
Signature of Board Secretary	F	Signature of Board President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor (attach list as necessary)	rs' report, the reason(s) f	for disapproving it is (are):

Financial Section



Roloff, Hnatek & Co., L.L.P.

Certified Public Accountants Financial Consultants Business Advisors www.rhcllp.com

Lloyd Hurst, Jr. CPA Russell A. Hodon, CPA Christopher L. Culak, CPA Christopher R. Janecek, CPA Mary Ann McAdams, CPA One Twenty South Main, Suite 300 P. O. Box 2486 Victoria, Texas 77902-2486 361-578-2915 1-800-861-4498 Fax 361-578-7058

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Trustees Louise Independent School District P.O. Box 97 Louise, Texas 77455

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Louise Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluation the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Louise Independent School District, as of August 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note G to the financial statements, during the year ended August 31, 2015, the District adopted new accounting guidance prescribed by GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68), for its pension plan – a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. Because GASB 68 implements new measurement criteria and reporting provisions, significant information has been added to the accompanying government-wide financial statements. The accompanying statement of net assets discloses the District's net pension liability and a deferred resource outflow and deferred resource inflow related to the District's pension plan. The accompanying statement of activities discloses an adjustment to the District's beginning net position as a result of the implementation of GASB 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, on pages 10 through 16, the budgetary comparison information on page 45, and the information related to the District's pension plan on pages 46 and 47, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Louise Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 50 through 53 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2015, on our consideration of Louise Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Louise Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Roloff, Hnatek & Co., L.L.P.

Roleff, Hnotele + Co., L.L.P.

November 25, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

As management of Louise Independent School District ("District"), we offer readers as an introduction to the District's financial statements, this narrative overview and analysis of the District's activities and financial performance for the year ended August 31, 2015. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist readers in concentrating on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in whole dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position of the District at August 31, 2015 was \$6,484,686. Of this amount, \$1,861,340 is unrestricted.
- The District's total net position increased \$660,134, or 11%, from the prior year.
- The general fund had a fund balance of \$1,791,163 at August 31, 2015, an increase of \$155,060, or 9%, from the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual report of the District consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds* statements tell how the general government services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements, if any, offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses. The District did not have any proprietary funds during the year.
- Fiduciary fund statements, if any, provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

The table on the following page summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements. As stated earlier, the District did not have any proprietary funds during the year.

Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide	Fund Statements					
Features	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds			
Scope	Entire District's government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources			
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, and is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, curriculum, staff development, general administration, extracurricular activities and health services. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds* and not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for specific purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants, if any.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's operations. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the government funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds such as club and class funds and payroll withholding funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Other Supplementary Information

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *other* supplementary information on property taxes, indirect costs, fund balance, budgetary information and other reports required by Texas Education Agency and/or *Government Auditing Standards*.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

One fundamental question that is most asked of an entity is, as a whole "Are you better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the District's activities in a way that should help answer this question. These two statements report the net position of the District and changes therein. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) can be thought of as a way to measure the financial health of the District. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will need to consider other information that is non-financial in nature, such as changes in economic conditions, demographic information, mandated state and federal regulations, and new or changed government legislation.

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position serves as a useful indicator over time of the District's financial position. It distinguishes assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources as to their expected use for current operations and capital investment. The District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2015 by \$6,484,686. The following condensed Statement of Net Position provides an overview of the District's net position as of August 31, 2015 and 2014. The information presented as of August 31, 2014 does not include the effects of the implementation of GASB 68 (see note G to the financial statements) as such information was not readily available.

	Government	al Activities	\$ Change	% Change	
	2015	2014	2015 - 2014	2015 - 2014	
Assets:					
Capital Assets	\$ 5,330,275	\$ 5,202,856	\$ 127,419	2%	
Other Assets	2,082,658	1,872,528	210,130	11%	
Total Assets	7,412,933	7,075,384	337,549	5%	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	145,616	88,804	56,812	64%	
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	156,208	112,807	43,401	38%	
Non-Current Liabilities	871,687	1,056,654	(184,967)	(18%)	
Total Liabilities	1,027,895	1,169,461	(141,566)	(12%)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	45,968		45,968	N/A	
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,608,786	4,146,202	462,584	11%	
Restricted	14,560	21,230	(6,670)	(31%)	
Unrestricted	1,861,340	1,827,295	34,045	2%	
Total Net Position	\$ 6,484,686	\$ 5,994,727	\$ 489,959	8%	

A portion of the District's net position (\$4,608,786) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, and furniture and equipment) less the remaining balance of the related debt, if any, used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students and, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Another category of restricted net position that is also used to provide services to its students makes up a small portion of the District's net position (\$14,560). The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$1,861,340) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to employees and vendors.

Statement of Activities

The statement of activities serves as a measure to determine how successful the District was during the past year in recovering its costs through property taxes, state and federal grants, charges for services and other revenues. The following condensed statement of activities summarizes the operations of the District for the years ended August 31, 2015 and 2014. The information presented for the year ended August 31, 2014 does not include the effects of the implementation of GASB 68 (see note G to the financial statements) as such information was not readily available.

	Government	al Activities	\$ Change	% Change
	2015	2014	2015 - 2014	2015 - 2014
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 80,119	\$ 93,492	\$ (13,373)	(14%)
Operating Grants and Contributions	582,391	539,547	42,844	8%
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes	3,083,610	2,598,538	485,072	19%
State Aid – Formula Grants	1,932,499	2,073,314	(140,815)	(7%)
Investment Earnings	2,473	2,443	30	1%
Other	27,475	24,915	2,560	10%
Total Revenues	5,708,567	5,332,249	376,318	7%
Expenses:				
Instruction	2,815,044	2,574,744	240,300	9%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	33,251	36,226	(2,975)	(8%)
Curriculum and Staff Development	79,208	84,109	(4,901)	(6%)
School Leadership	283,792	285,249	(1,457)	(1%)
Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	58,908	114,274	(55,366)	(48%)
Health Services	29,143	27,558	1,585	6%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	186,238	189,785	(3,547)	(2%)
Food Services	238,229	268,588	(30,359)	(11%)
Extracurricular Activities	235,377	194,654	40,723	21%
General Administration	371,826	347,171	24,655	7%
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	577,987	589,386	(11,399)	(2%)
Security and Monitoring Services	14,886	5,667	9,219	163%
Data Processing Services	22,700	22,097	603	3%
Interest on Long-Term Debt	35,122	44,354	(9,232)	(21%)
Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	400	400	-	0%
Payments Related to Shared Svcs. Arrangements	66,322	71,233	(4,911)	(7%)
Total Expenses	5,048,433	4,855,495	192,938	4%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 660,134	\$ 476,754	\$ 183,380	

The District's total revenues and expenses increased by 7% and 4%, respectively. The District's most significant increases in revenues were from operating grants and property taxes, while the most significant decrease in revenues was from state aid-formula grants. The most significant increases in expenses occurred in the functional categories of instruction and extracurricular activities, while the most significant decrease in expenses occurred in the functional category of guidance, counseling, and evaluation services. The fiscal year operations resulted in an increase in net position of \$660,134.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$5,701,257, an increase of approximately 7% from the preceding year. Local revenues increased by approximately 15% while the state and federal revenues decreased in total by approximately 5%. Expenditures from governmental fund types totaled \$5,552,867, an increase of approximately 2% from the preceding year. The increase in expenditures was primarily in the functional categories of instruction, extracurricular activities, and facilities acquisition and construction.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its general fund budget several times. Budgeted revenues and expenditures were significantly changed by the amendments as follows:

- Local Revenue The budget was increased for an increase in property tax revenue.
- State Program Revenues and Function 11 (Instruction) The budget was amended to provide for TRS on-behalf revenues and expenditures.
- Function 81 (Facilities Acquisition and Construction) the budget was increased for the purchase of real estate.

Total actual revenues were \$61,597 more than the final budgeted amount due to revenues from local and intermediate sources being more than anticipated. Total actual expenditures were \$301,576 below final budget amounts due primarily to large favorable variances in functions 11 (Instruction) and 51 (Facilities Maintenance and Operations) combined with other less significant budget variances. The favorable variance in function 11 (Instruction) is primarily due to salaries being less than anticipated. The favorable variance in function 51 (Facilities Maintenance and Operations) is primarily due to contracted services and utilities being less than anticipated.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets as of August 31, 2015 was \$5,330,275 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes school facilities, machinery and equipment, furniture, and vehicles. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deletions, and depreciation expense) of \$127,419 from fiscal year 2014. Additional information regarding the District's capital assets can be found in Note C to the financial statements. The following table summarizes the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) as of August 31, 2015 and 2014.

	Government	al Activities	\$ Change	% Change		
	2015	2014	2015 - 2014	2015 - 2014		
Land	\$ 223,407	\$ 223,407	\$ -	0%		
Buildings and Improvements	8,859,899	8,523,298	336,601	4%		
Vehicles, Furniture and Equipment	1,236,829	1,159,176	77,653	7%		
Totals at Historical Cost	10,320,135	9,905,881	414,254	4%		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,989,860)	(4,703,025)	(286,835)	6%		
Net Capital Assets	\$ 5,330,275	\$ 5,202,856	\$ 127,419	2%		

Long-term Debt

As of August 31, 2015, the District had long-term debt outstanding of \$721,489. This amount is comprised of general obligation bonds, a capital lease, and workers compensation claims. Additional information regarding the District's long-term debt can be found in Note E to the financial statements. The following table summarizes the District's long-term debt outstanding at August 31, 2015 and 2014.

	Governmental Activities				\$	Change	% Change
	2015		2014		20	15 - 2014	2015 - 2014
General Obligation Bonds	\$	251,501	\$	484,501	\$	(233,000)	(49%)
Qualified School Construction Bonds		420,000		500,000		(80,000)	(16%)
Capital Lease		45,921		68,086		(22,165)	(33%)
Workers Compensation Claims		4,067		4,067			0%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	721,489	\$	1,056,654	\$	(335,165)	(32%)

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The District has adopted a property tax rate of \$1.20 for FYE 2016 based on its approved budget and total assessed taxable property values. The total assessed property tax value used for the fiscal year 2016 budget decreased by approximately 15% from that of 2015. The District's average daily attendance is expected to be approximately 450 for the FYE 2016. These factors were taken into consideration when adopting the general fund budget for fiscal year 2016.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Administrative Office.

Basic Financial Statements

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2015

Data	Primary Government
Control Codes	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,820,651
1120 Current Investments	676
1220 Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	134,998
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(13,628)
1240 Due from Other Governments	139,961
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	223,407
1520 Buildings, Net	4,861,798
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	245,070
1000 Total Assets	7,412,933
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1702 Deferred Outflow - State Foundation Program	78,251
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS	67,365
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	145,616
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	83,432
2140 Interest Payable	777
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	71,999
Noncurrent Liabilities	
2501 Due Within One Year	358,260
2502 Due in More Than One Year	363,229
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	150,198
2000 Total Liabilities	1,027,895
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2602 Unavailable Revenue - State Grant	22
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS	45,946
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	45,968
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,608,786
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	14,560
3900 Unrestricted	1,861,340
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 6,484,686
1 Otal Net Position	\$ 0,484,080

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data		Program Revenues			C.	Position	
Control		1		3	4		6
					Operating]	Primary Gov.
Codes				Charges for	Grants and		Sovernmental
]	Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	2,815,044	\$	4,500	\$ 359,591	\$	(2,450,953)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		33,251		-	1,429		(31,822)
13 Curriculum and Staff Development		79,208		_	3,026		(76,182)
23 School Leadership		283,792		_	13,552		(270,240)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		58,908		_	3,768		(55,140)
33 Health Services		29,143		_	1,608		(27,535)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		186,238		-	5,032		(181,206)
35 Food Services		238,229		48,786	165,644		(23,799)
36 Extracurricular Activities		235,377		19,033	5,562		(210,782)
41 General Administration		371,826		7,800	13,544		(350,482)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		577,987		_	9,635		(568,352)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		14,886		_	-		(14,886)
53 Data Processing Services		22,700		_	_		(22,700)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt		35,122		_	_		(35,122)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		400		_	_		(400)
93 Payments related to Shared Services Arrangement	S	66,322		-	-		(66,322)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	5,048,433	\$	80,119	\$ 582,391		(4,385,923)
Data	=		_			-	
Control							
Codes General		ies:					
Taxe				6 6 15			2055 540
				for General Pu			2,955,549
				for Debt Servi	ce		128,061
		Formula Grar	ıts				1,932,499
		Earnings					2,473
MI Mis	cellane	ous Local and	d In	termediate Re	venue		27,475
TR Total C	General	Revenues					5,046,057
CN		Change in N	et F	osition			660,134
NB Net Pos	sition - I	Beginning					5,994,727
		ljustment					(170,175)
NE Net Pos		-				\$	6,484,686
	_	8				<u>:</u>	

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	Other Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
		1 0110	1 01100		
ASSETS 1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents 1120 Investments - Current 1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent 1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit) 1240 Receivables from Other Governments 1260 Due from Other Funds	\$	1,804,982 676 125,704 (12,690) 99,849	\$ 15,669 - 9,294 (938) 40,112 112	\$	1,820,651 676 134,998 (13,628) 139,961 112
1000 Total Assets	\$	2,018,521	\$ 64,249	\$	2,082,770
LIABILITIES 2110 Accounts Payable 2160 Accrued Wages Payable 2170 Due to Other Funds	\$	43,845 70,387 112	\$ 39,587 1,612	\$	83,432 71,999 112
2000 Total Liabilities		114,344	 41,199		155,543
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - State Grant		113,014	8,356 22		121,370 22
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		113,014	 8,378		121,392
FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance: 3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction Committed Fund Balance:		-	14,560		14,560
3510 Construction Assigned Fund Balance:		750,000	-		750,000
3550 Construction 3600 Unassigned Fund Balance		- 1,041,163	112		112 1,041,163
3000 Total Fund Balances	_	1,791,163	14,672		1,805,835
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	2,018,521	\$ 64,249	\$	2,082,770

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,805,835
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances of these assets and liabilities is to increase net position.	4,144,971
2 Long-term debt principal payments and current year capital outlay are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Also, dispositions of capital assets, if any, increase/decrease net position. The net effect of including these reconciling items is to increase net position.	749,419
3 The depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(286,835)
4 As required by GASB 68, the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability related to TRS in the amount of \$150,198, a deferred resource inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$45,946, and a deferred resource outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$67,365 are not reported in the fund financial statements. The net effect is a decrease in net position of \$128,779.	(128,779)
5 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the assets and liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	200,075
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,484,686

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Conti			10 General Fund		Other Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	2,999,803 2,142,384 1,695	\$	189,467 85,018 282,890	\$	3,189,270 2,227,402 284,585
5020	Total Revenues		5,143,882		557,375	-	5,701,257
	EXPENDITURES:						
(Current:						
0011	Instruction		2,523,709		212,507		2,736,216
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		29,994		-		29,994
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		78,723		-		78,723
0023	School Leadership		266,525		-		266,525
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		59,478		-		59,478
0033	Health Services		29,387		-		29,387
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		176,165		-		176,165
0035	Food Services		-		234,751		234,751
0036	Extracurricular Activities		188,252		-		188,252
0041	General Administration		364,643		_		364,643
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		676,515		_		676,515
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		11,325		-		11,325
0053	Data Processing Services		22,700		_		22,700
	Oebt Service:		,				,
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		102,165		240,000		342,165
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		10,314		18,262		28,576
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees				400		400
	'apital Outlay:				.00		.00
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction ntergovernmental:		240,730		-		240,730
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		66,322		-		66,322
6030	Total Expenditures		4,846,947		705,920	_	5,552,867
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	296,935		(148,545)		148,390
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
7915	Transfers In		-		141,875		141,875
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(141,875)		-		(141,875)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(141,875)	-	141,875		-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		155,060		(6,670)		148,390
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		1,636,103		21,342		1,657,445
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	1,791,163	\$	14,672	\$	1,805,835

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 148,390
Long-term debt principal payments and current year capital outlay are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Also, dispositions of capital assets, if any, increase/decrease net position. The net effect of removing these reconciling items is to increase net position.	749,419
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(286,835)
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of August 31, 2014 caused the change in ending net position to increase in the amount of \$55,279. The District's proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded as an expense. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$13,883. The result of these amounts is to increase the change in net position by \$41,396.	41,396
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the assets and liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	7,764
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 660,134

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 56,500	\$	71,029	
Investments - Current	70,344		-	
Total Assets	126,844	\$	71,029	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	21,425	\$	-	
Due to Student Groups	-		71,029	
Total Liabilities	21,425	\$	71,029	
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted Net Position	105,419			
Total Net Position	\$ 105,419			

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 32,440
Total Additions	32,440
DEDUCTIONS:	
Other Operating Costs	37,125
Total Deductions	37,125
Change in Net Position	(4,685)
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	110,104
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 105,419

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Louise Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as revised by GASB Statement No. 39, and there are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. Property taxes receivable are presented in the accompanying statement of net position and balance sheet as of August 31, 2015.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	10-40
Furniture and Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5-10

d. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

e. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

f. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

g. Data Control codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

Fund Balance Policy

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54), the District reports fund balances for governmental funds in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the district is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The nonspendable classification represents assets that will be consumed or "must be maintained in tact" and therefore will never convert to cash, such as inventories of supplies and endowments. Provisions of laws, contracts, and grants specify how fund resources can be used in the restricted classification. The nature of these two classifications precludes a need for a policy from the Board of Trustees. However, the Board has adopted fund balance policies for the three unrestricted classifications – committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes, and is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the Board of Trustees, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that the District intends to use for specific purposes, but that do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the District's adopted policy, amounts may only be assigned by the Board of Trustees.

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

From time to time, the Board of Trustees may commit fund balances by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. The Board's commitment may be modified or rescinded by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. Board commitments cannot exceed the amount of fund balance that is greater than the sum of nonspendable and restricted fund balances since that practice would commit funds that the district does not have. Commitments may be for facility expansion or renovation, program modifications, wage and salary adjustments, financial cushions (rainy day funds), and other purposes determined by the Board.

The Board of Trustees may delegate authority to specified persons or groups to make assignments of certain fund balances by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. The Board may modify or rescind its delegation of authority by the same action.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources. When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which committed, assigned, or unassigned may be used, it is the District's policy to use committed, then assigned, and then unassigned.

B. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Cash Deposits

At August 31, 2015, the carrying amount of the District's deposit (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$2,018,524 (of which \$70,344 was invested in certificates of deposit and included in current investments) and the bank balance was \$2,101,800. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2015 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2015 are shown below.

	R	Reported		Fair		
Investment or Investment Type	Amount		Amount			Value
Certificates of Deposit	\$	\$ 70,344		70,344		
TexPool		676		676		
Total Investments	\$	71,020	\$	71,020		

B. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and, if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2015, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, are rated as to credit quality as follows:

Investment	Rating	Organization
TexPool	AAAm	Standard & Poor's

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the district was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

B. Deposits and Investments (Concluded)

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at the time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities:	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		_		
Land	\$ 223,407	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 223,407
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Building and Improvements	8,523,298	336,601	-	8,859,899
Vehicles, Furniture and Equipment	1,159,176	77,653		1,236,829
Total Capital Assets at Historical Cost	9,905,881	414,254		10,320,135
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	3,766,954	231,147	-	3,998,101
Vehicles, Furniture and Equipment	936,071	55,688	-	991,759
Total Accumulated Depreciation	4,703,025	286,835	286,835 -	
Governmental Activities Capital		_		
Assets, Net	\$ 5,202,856	\$ 127,419	\$ -	\$ 5,330,275

C. Capital Assets (Concluded)

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 123,153
Instructional Resources and Media Services	3,474
Curriculum and Staff Development	944
School Leadership	21,167
Student Transportation	31,755
Food Service	5,113
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	68,804
General Administration	9,233
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	19,632
Security and Monitoring Services	3,560
Total	\$ 286,835

D. Interfund Balances and Activities

Due to and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

Due to Fund	Due From Fund	Am	ount	Purpose		
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$	112	Short-term loans		

All amounts are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount	Reason
General Fund	Other Funds	\$ 141,875	Supplement other funds sources

E. Long-Term Obligations

General Obligation Bonds

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 1996, the District issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$3,200,000 to provide funds for the construction and improvement of school facilities. During the year ended August 31, 2005, general obligation and capital appreciation bonds totaling \$2,075,000 were issued to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments on \$2,075,000 of previously issued general obligation bonds.

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

As a result, the refunded bonds were considered to be defeased and the liability associated with the refunded bonds was removed from the governmental activities column of the accompanying statement of net position. The proceeds of the refunding bonds included a premium of \$141,060, which was being amortized through the year ended August 31, 2007 using the straight-line method, which does not differ significantly from the effective-interest method. The premium was fully amortized as of August 31, 2007. The refunding bonds include capital appreciation bonds with an issuance value of \$55,000 and a maturity value of \$200,000. Interest on the capital appreciation bonds was accreted through the year ended August 31, 2007 using the straight-line method, which does not differ significantly from the effective-interest method. The capital appreciation bonds became fully matured and were retired during the year ended August 31, 2007.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$76,998. This difference, reported in the accompanying statement of net position as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to interest expense through the fiscal year ending August 31, 2016 using the straight-line method, which does not differ significantly from the effective-interest method. The District completed the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments through fiscal year 2020 by \$103,404 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$86,004.

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

Qualified School Construction Bonds

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2011, the Board of Trustees adopted a resolution to authorize the borrowing of \$1,000,000 under Qualified School Construction Bonds laws.

Capital Lease

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2014, the Board of Trustees approved a lease-purchase agreement for the acquisition of a bus.

Long Term Debt Activity

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2015, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	eginning Balances	Inc	creases	Decreases	Ending Balances	Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds:						
School Building Unlimited						
Tax Refunding Bonds,						
Series 2005	\$ 495,000	\$	-	\$ 240,000	\$ 255,000	\$ 255,000
Unaccreted Deferred Loss						
on Defeasance	(10,499)		7,000		(3,499)	(3,499)
Sub-Total	484,501		7,000	240,000	 251,501	251,501

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	Due Within One Year
Qualified School Construction					
Bonds:					
Maint. Tax Note, Series 2012	500,000	-	80,000	420,000	80,000
Capital Lease	68,086	-	22,165	45,921	22,692
Claims and Judgments	4,067	-	-	4,067	4,067
Total	\$ 1,056,654	\$ 7,000	\$ 342,165	\$ 721,489	\$ 358,260

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2015, are as follows:

Debt service requirements on	long-	term debt a	t Augus	t 31, 2015,	are as	follows:		
	General Obligation Bonds							
Year Ending August 31,	F	rincipal	Interest		Total			
2016	\$	251,501	\$	25,263	\$	276,764		
	Qualified School Construction Bonds							
Year Ending August 31,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2016	\$	80,000	\$	7,182	\$	87,182		
2017		85,000		5,620		90,620		
2018		85,000		4,016		89,016		
2019		85,000		2,410		87,410		
2020		85,000		803		85,803		
Total	\$	420,000	\$	20,031	\$	440,031		
	Capital Lease							
Year Ending August 31,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2016	\$	22,692	\$	1,093	\$	23,785		
2017		23,229		556		23,785		
Total	\$	45,921	\$	1,649	\$	47,570		
		Workers'	ers' Compensation Claims Payable					
Year Ending August 31,		rincipal	Interest			Total		
2016	\$	4,067	\$		\$	4,067		
		Tota	al Long-	Term Obliga	itions			
Year Ending August 31,	Principal		Interest			Total		
2016	\$	358,260	\$	33,538	\$	391,798		
2017		108,229		6,176		114,405		
2018		85,000		4,016		89,016		
2019		85,000		2,410		87,410		
2020	_	85,000		803	_	85,803		
Total	\$	721,489	\$	46,943	\$	768,432		

Interest rates on bonds range from 3.625% to 3.75%. The interest rate on the Maintenance Tax Note is 1.89%. Interest expense on long-term debt totaled \$35,122 for the year ended August 31, 2015.

F. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2015, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

G. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered in, for whom the three highest annual salaries are then used instead. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs, can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. It also added a 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees effective for fiscal year 2015 as discussed in Note 1 of the TRS 2014 CAFR. The 83rd Texas Legislature's, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for the District for fiscal years 2014 and 2015 as follows:

	Contribution Rates		
	2014	_	2015
Member	6.4%		6.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%		6.8%
Employers	6.8%		6.8%
2014 Employer Contributions		\$	14,256
2014 Member Contributions		\$	174,932
2014 NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$	173,397

Contributors to the Plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the Plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers, including public schools, are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, when employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment-after-retirement surcharge.

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2014

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Open

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 5 year Market Value

Discount Rate 8.00% Long-Term Expected Investment Rate of Return* 8.00%

Salary Increases* 4.25% to 7.25%

Weighted-Average at Valuation Date 5.55% Payroll Growth Rate 3.50%

*Includes Inflation of 3%

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four-year period ending August 31, 2010 and adopted on April 8, 2011. With the exception of the post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives and a minor change to the expected retirement age for inactive vested members stemming from the actuarial audit performed in the summer of 2014, the assumptions and methods are the same as used in the prior valuation. When the mortality assumptions were adopted in 2011, they contained a significant margin for possible future mortality improvement. As of the date of the valuation, there has been a significant erosion of this margin to the point that the margin has been eliminated. Therefore, the post-retirement mortality rates for current and future retirees were decreased to add additional margin for future improvement in mortality in accordance with the Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 35.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2014 are summarized below:

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

	Target	Real Return Geometric	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Basis	Rate of Return*
Global Equity:			
U.S.	18%	7.0%	1.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	7.3%	1.1%
Emerging Markets	9%	8.1%	0.9%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	5.4%	0.2%
Private Equity	13%	9.2%	1.4%
Stable Value:			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	2.9%	0.3%
Absolute Return	0%	4.0%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	5.2%	0.2%
Cash	1%	2.0%	0.0%
Real Return:			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	3.1%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	7.3%	1.5%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	8.8%	0.3%
Commodities	0%	3.4%	0.0%
Risk Parity:			
Risk Parity	5%	8.9%	0.4%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

^{*} The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2014 Net Pension Liability.

	1%	Decrease			1% Iı	ncrease in		
	in Discount		in Discount		Dis	count Rate	Disc	ount Rate
	Ra	te (7.0%)		(8.0%)	(9	9.0%)		
Proportionate share of the net						_		
pension liability:	\$	268,395	\$	150,198	\$	61,809		

G. Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At August 31, 2014, the District reported a liability of \$150,198 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 150,198
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 1,830,784
Total	\$ 1,980,982

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the Plan for the period September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014.

At August 31, 2014, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0005623%. Since this is the first year of implementation, the District does not have the proportion measured as of August 31, 2013. The notes to the financial statements for the TRS 2014 CAFR stated that the change in proportion was immaterial and, therefore, disregarded for this year.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period. There were also no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There was a change in employer contribution requirements that occurred after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the employer's reporting date. A 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees went into law effective September 1, 2013. The amount of the expected resultant change in the employer's proportion cannot be determined at this time.

For the year ended August 31, 2014, the District recognized pension expense of \$169,253 and revenue of \$169,253 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2014, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions 39		D	eferred	D	eferred
Differences between expected and actual economic experiences Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions - 39		Out	tflows of	In	flows of
Changes in actuarial assumptions 9,763 Difference between projected and actual investment earnings - 45,90° Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions - 39		Re	sources	Re	esources
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions - 39	Differences between expected and actual economic experiences	\$	2,323	\$	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions 39	Changes in actuarial assumptions		9,763		-
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions 39	Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		45,907
	Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's				
Total \$ 12,096 \$ 45,046	contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		-		39
10tai \$ 12,080 \$ 43,940	Total	\$	12,086	\$	45,946

G. Pension Plan (Concluded)

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pensio	on Expense
Year ended August 31:	A	mount
2015	\$	(9,444)
2016		(9,444)
2017		(9,444)
2018		(9,444)
2019		2,032
Thereafter		1.884

At August 31, 2015, the District reported deferred resource outflows and deferred resource inflows for the TRS pension plan as follows:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Total net amounts as of August 31, 2014 measurement date	\$ 12,086	\$ 45,946
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	55,279	-
Total	\$ 67,365	\$ 45,946

H. Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS-Care provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who have retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. The report may be obtained by visiting the TRS website at www.trs.state.tx.us, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling (800) 223-8778.

H. Retiree Health Care Plan (Concluded)

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1.00% and 0.65% of public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For the years ended August 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the State's contribution to TRS-Care were \$26,105, \$25,556, and \$11,731, respectively, the active member contributions were \$16,968, \$16,612, and \$15,250, respectively, and the District's contributions were \$14,358, \$14,056, and \$12,904, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$11,530, \$7,160, and \$6,707, respectively.

I. Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

J. Shared Services Arrangements

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") with several other school districts for special education services. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in its financial statements. The District has neither a joint ownership interest in capital assets purchased by the fiscal agent, El Campo I.S.D., nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA. In accordance with the Resource Guide, the payments to the fiscal agent are recorded as expenditures in Function 93, "Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements." Latest financial statements for the SSA are available for year ended August 31, 2014, from the fiscal agent.

K. Local and Intermediate Revenue

During the year ended August 31, 2015, local and intermediate revenues consisted of the following:

Revenue Description	Fund	Amount
Property Taxes Including Penalties and Interest	General Fund	\$ 2,938,748
Interest Income from Temporary Investments	General Fund	2,406
Athletic Activities	General Fund	19,033
Gifts and Bequests	General Fund	3,500
Tuition and Fees	General Fund	4,500
Rent	General Fund	7,800
Other Miscellaneous Revenues	General Fund	23,816
Total General Fund		 2,999,803
D . T 1 1 D 1 1 1 1	D1:0 : E 1	100000
Property Taxes Including Penalties and Interest	Debt Service Fund	126,999
Interest Income from Temporary Investments	Debt Service Fund	67
Revenues from Meals Served	Special Revenue Fund	48,944
Local Grants	Special Revenue Fund	13,457
Total Other Funds	_	189,467
Total Governmental Funds		\$ 3,189,270

L. Prior Period Adjustment

During fiscal year ended August 31, 2015, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Reporting for Pensions*. In order to improve accounting and financial reporting, the District must assume their proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability of the Teachers Retirement System of Texas. As a result of this implementation, the District was required to report this retroactively with a prior period adjustment of \$170,175. The restated beginning net position is \$5,824,552.

Required supplementary info Accounting Standards Board	Required Supple ormation includes financial but not considered a par	al information and di	sclosures required by t	he Governmental

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Control	Budge	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		(GAAP BA		Variance With Final Budget		
Codes	Original			Final				sitive or egative)
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 2,837,1	58	\$	2,938,858	\$	2,999,803	\$	60,945
5800 State Program Revenues	1,938,6	527		2,141,727		2,142,384		657
5900 Federal Program Revenues		_		1,700		1,695		(5)
5020 Total Revenues	4,775,7	85		5,082,285		5,143,882		61,597
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
0011 Instruction	2,590,0)13		2,709,513		2,523,709		185,804
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	29,4	31		33,231		29,994		3,237
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	73,4	30		83,930		78,723		5,207
0023 School Leadership	250,3	16		271,316		266,525		4,791
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	59,4	21		63,321		59,478		3,843
0033 Health Services	27,3	357		31,757		29,387		2,370
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	209,7	76		200,276		176,165		24,111
0036 Extracurricular Activities	170,9	966		189,966		188,252		1,714
0041 General Administration	332,2	269		369,269		364,643		4,626
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	681,6	646		716,146		676,515		39,631
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	9,0	50		12,450		11,325		1,125
0053 Data Processing Services	24,1	54		24,154		22,700		1,454
Debt Service:								
0071 Principal on Long Term Debt	88,6	594		102,500		102,165		335
0072 Interest on Long Term Debt		-		10,694		10,314		380
Capital Outlay:								
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		_		250,000		240,730		9,270
Intergovernmental:						,,		7,
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	90,0	000		80,000		66,322		13,678
6030 Total Expenditures	4,636,5	523		5,148,523		4,846,947		301,576
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	139,2	262		(66,238)		296,935		363,173
Expenditures	137,1	.02		(00,230)		270,733		303,173
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
8911 Transfers Out (Use)	(139,2	62)		(158,762)		(141,875)		16,887
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(225,000)		155,060		380,060
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	1,636,1	03		1,636,103		1,636,103		
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 1,636,1	.03	\$	1,411,103	\$	1,791,163	\$	380,060

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	 2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.0005623%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 150,198
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	1,830,784
Total	\$ 1,980,982
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,714,684
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	5.53%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	83.25%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the period covered as of the measurement date of August 31, 2014 - the period from September 1, 2013 - August 31, 2014.

Note: Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2015

	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 55,279
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(55,279)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0-
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,790,164
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1.98%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date of September 1, 2013 - August 31, 2014.

Note: Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Food Service Fund, which is included within the Special Revenue Funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- c. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution of the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made during the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. During the year, the budget was not amended as necessary. See Schedule of Findings and Responses.

Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Change of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumption

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	(1)	(3) Assessed/Appraised Value for School				
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax F					
August 31	M aintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2006 and prior years	Various Various		\$	Various		
007	1.320000	0.150000		153,440,937		
008	1.040000	0.160000		153,245,765		
009	1.040000	0.155000		170,501,486		
010	1.170000	0.030000		168,537,067		
011	1.170000	0.030000		167,001,023		
012	1.170000	0.030000		181,027,363		
013	1.170000	0.030000		199,298,872		
014	1.170000	0.030000		211,180,270		
015 (School year under audit)	1.150000	0.050000		253,521,294		
000 TOTALS						

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2014	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	Current Year's Maintenance		(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2015		
\$ 34,708	\$ -	\$ 872	\$ 93	\$ (990)	\$ 32,753		
9,301	-	47	5	(1)	9,248		
3,733	-	44	7	1	3,683		
4,000	-	455	68	-	3,477		
4,668	-	754	19	(1)	3,894		
5,586	-	1,060	27	-	4,499		
5,534	-	1,071	28	-	4,435		
9,345	-	2,087	54	-	7,204		
36,668	-	20,600	528	(5,560)	9,980		
-	3,042,256	2,875,110	125,006	13,685	55,825		
\$ 113,543	\$ 3,042,256	\$ 2,902,100	\$ 125,835	\$ 7,134	\$ 134,998		

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget	
Codes	Original Final		Final	-		Positive or (Negative)			
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	70,000 1,500	\$	70,000 6,500	\$	48,945 6,100	\$	(21,055) (400)	
5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues		178,500 250,000		195,000 271,500		159,544 214,589		(35,456) (56,911)	
EXPENDITURES: 0035 Food Services		250,000		271,500		234,751		36,749	
6030 Total Expenditures		250,000		271,500		234,751		36,749	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		(20,162)		(20,162)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In		-		19,500		10,279		(9,221)	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		19,500		(9,883)		(29,383)	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		9,883		9,883		9,883			
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	9,883	\$	29,383	\$		\$	(29,383)	

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	Original		Final				(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	122,899	\$	122,899	\$	127,066	\$	4,167
5020 Total Revenues		122,899		122,899		127,066		4,167
EXPENDITURES:								
Debt Service:								
0071 Principal on Long Term Debt		240,000		240,000		240,000		-
0072 Interest on Long Term Debt		20,661		20,661		18,262		2,399
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		1,500		1,500		400		1,100
6030 Total Expenditures		262,161		262,161		258,662		3,499
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(139,262)		(139,262)		(131,596)		7,666
7915 Transfers In		139,262		139,262		131,596		(7,666)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-		-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-				-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-



Roloff, Hnatek & Co., L.L.P.

Certified Public Accountants Financial Consultants Business Advisors www.rhcllp.com

Lloyd Hurst, Jr. CPA Russell A. Hodon, CPA Christopher L. Culak, CPA Christopher R. Janecek, CPA Mary Ann McAdams, CPA One Twenty South Main, Suite 300 P. O. Box 2486 Victoria, Texas 77902-2486 361-578-2915 1-800-861-4498 Fax 361-578-7058

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Louise Independent School District P.O. Box 97 Louise, Texas 77455

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Louise Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Louise Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Louise Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Louise Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Louise Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Louise Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Roloff, Hnatek & Co., L.L.P.

loff, Fratile + Co., L.L.P.

November 25, 2015

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

There were no findings requiring disclosures noted.

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Prior Year Reference Number 2014-1:

Condition: During the year ended August 31, 2014, the District did not properly record or amend its budget in its general fund resulting in an over-expenditure.

Recommendation: We recommended that the District's management familiarize itself with the unique accounting treatment for capital lease-purchases to avoid any future budget over-expenditures.

Current Status: No over-expenditures were noted for the year ended August 31, 2015.